

國立臺北科技大學

九十七學年度四年制二、三年級轉學生招生考試

系所組別：四技二年級共同科目

第一節 英文 試題

第一頁 共三頁

注意事項：

1. 本試題共 50 題，配分共 100 分，每題 2 分。
2. 全部答案均須在答案卷之答案欄內作答，否則不予計分。

第一部份：詞彙，結構，慣用語與會話

說明：本大題共 30 題，配分共 60 分，每題含一個空格。請從試題卷上的四個選項中選出最適合題意的字或詞作答，並將 答案代號 A, B, C 或 D 填入答案卷 選擇題頁 相對應的位置。

1. Student: Does money make people happy?
Teacher: Studies show that it _____.
(A) isn't (B) is (C) don't (D) does
2. Man: When are we going to the movies?
Woman: It's all _____.
(A) up to you (B) over there (C) done (D) upside down
3. John: Excuse me. _____ does Bus #235 run?
Mary: Uh, every 5 minutes, I believe.
(A) How come (B) How fast (C) How often (D) How late
4. Waiter: Hello, May I take your _____?
Customer: I'd like a slice of bread, no butter, please.
(A) greetings (B) order (C) prescription (D) share
5. Man: How late can I pick up my car?
Garage Service: Today, we are open _____ 4 o'clock.
(A) until (B) in (C) after (D) at
6. John: Can you give me a ride? I have to _____ some errand.
Mary: Where do you need to go?
(A) set (B) keep (C) run (D) call
7. Client: Will this small parcel get to New York in 2 days?
Service Clerk: _____ you send it express mail.
(A) Though (B) Only if (C) No matter how (D) As if
8. John: What's the ticket _____ from Taipei to Taichung by taking Taiwan High Speed Rail?
Mary: I think it's about \$NT800 a single trip.
(A) expenditure (B) sum total (C) amount (D) fare
9. Student A: What's your first _____ of National Taipei University of Technology?
Student B: The campus looks small, but it is beautiful. People here are friendly.
(A) experiment (B) impression (C) explosion (D) encounter
10. Woman: What's wrong with you? You look tired!
Man: I am so _____ out. My landlord just raised the rent. I will have to move.
(A) stressed (B) brought (C) made (D) picked
11. We all know that her story is _____. It is by no means true: all out of her imagination.
(A) an illustration (B) a mistake (C) a reality (D) a fantasy
12. Our English teacher George has a good _____ for names. He never seems to forget.
(A) elimination (B) memory (C) exemption (D) outcome
13. Man: What happened to John? He was sent to a police station!
Woman: He _____ a signature and cashed the check.
(A) fought (B) forged (C) invented (D) initiated
14. Nobody knows why the rich man killed himself. His death is still a _____.
(A) statute (B) fiasco (C) succession (D) mystery
15. In a debate, people take two different sides of _____.
(A) an origin (B) a long distance (C) an argument (D) a strip
16. Customer: I've got 4 shirts and 2 pairs of pants and a jacket. I'm I _____ town in a few days, so can I pick them up tomorrow?
Dry Cleaner: No problem.
(A) am leaving (B) will have left (C) have left (D) will be left
17. The ancients were mistaken in their belief _____ the earth was flat.
(A) that (B) in which (C) since (D) which
18. Man: At what age does a child become a man?
Woman: It _____ your culture and religion.
(A) depends on (B) puts into effects (C) takes a delight in (D) traces back
19. American teenagers look _____ their 16th birthday, because in most states that is the age when they can get a driver's license.
(A) into (B) out at (C) forward to (D) for
20. In the U.S., when you pay for the meal at a restaurant, don't forget to add _____ of 10~20% of the total money to the waiter.
(A) a mind (B) an access (C) a hand (D) a tip
21. Mrs. Wilson is going to _____ salads, roast beef, shrimp soups and ice cream at the party.
(A) monitor (B) arrest (C) serve (D) preserve
22. If you want to be in good _____, you need to exercise at least three times a week.
(A) point (B) shape (C) operation (D) action
23. Go to *Welcome Supermarket* this week. They have a special _____, and all things seem to be a lot cheaper.
(A) opinion (B) option (C) discount (D) countdown

注意：背面尚有試題

24. I feel like throwing up. I have _____ stomach.
 (A) an upset (B) an objective (C) an opposite (D) a disgusting
25. The current food shortage is becoming so serious that some people may start to worry about _____.
 (A) animation (B) demonstration (C) presentation (D) starvation
26. In order to become successful in life, a good attitude is something you can't _____.
 (A) do without (B) take possession of (C) lose contact with (D) deal with
27. In Taiwan today, quite a lot of kids are _____.: they are given too much money and few of them are taught disciplines and manners.
 (A) obeyed (B) volunteered (C) spoiled (D) liberated
28. The school boys are used to _____ basketball in this court.
 (A) have played (B) playing (C) be played (D) play
29. People _____ think that dinosaurs were the remains of giant gods or monsters.
 (A) namely (B) respectfully (C) uniquely (D) originally
30. Jean has decided to study abroad _____ his parents' disapproval.
 (A) in virtue of (B) in spite of (C) in case of (D) on account of

第二部分：段落填空

說明：本大題共 10 題，配分 20 分，包括二個段落，每個段落各含 5 個空格。請由試題卷上四個選項中選出最適合題意的字或詞作答，並將 答案代號 A, B, C 或 D 填入答案卷 選擇題頁相對應的位置。

Of course, as children, we ___31___ always listen to Dad. We had our broken bones, near chokings, electric shocks, car ___32___, and illnesses, some of ___33___ might have been avoided if we had heeded his advice and not jumped from the tops of slides, run around while eating, yanked the plug ___34___ the vacuum cleaner was on, ___35___ too fast and kissed dogs.

31. (A) were not (B) are not (C) not even (D) did not
 32. (A) damages (B) accidents (C) shows (D) sales
 33. (A) which (B) those (C) it (D) them
 34. (A) though (B) if (C) while (D) because
 35. (A) driven (B) drove (C) to drive (D) driving

Fast growth is essential to pull millions of Indians out of ___36___, so it is sad to pour cold water on this surging economy. But that is precisely ___37___ when there are so many alarming signs of overheating. Across India prices are rising fast, factories are at ___38___ capacity, loans are piling up. Yes, the economic reforms of the early 1990s spurred competition, forced firms to become more productive and boosted India's trend—or sustainable—rate of growth. But the problem is ___39___ this new speed limit is almost certainly lower than the government's one. Historic data would suggest ___40___ not much above 7%—well below China's 9-10%.

36. (A) prosperity (B) accuracy (C) heaven (D) poverty

37. (A) what is needed (B) what needs (C) the need as if (D) what is the need
 38. (A) virtual (B) leisurely (C) full (D) average
 39. (A) how (B) that (C) what (D) whether
 40. (A) no fact (B) an account (C) a figure (D) the whole

第三部分：閱讀理解

說明：共 10 題，配分 20 分，包括 4 篇短文，每篇短文後有 1~3 個相關問題。請由試題卷上四個選項中選出最適合段落原意者作答，並將 答案代號 A, B, C 或 D 填入答案卷 選擇題頁相對應的位置。

A CROW perishing with thirst saw a pitcher, and hoping to find water, flew to it with delight. When he reached it, he discovered to his grief that it contained so little water that he could not possibly get at it. He tried everything he could think of to reach the water, but all his efforts were in vain. At last he collected as many stones as he could carry and dropped them one by one with his beak into the pitcher, until he brought the water within his reach and thus saved his life.

41. What does *the pitcher* refer to, as is mentioned in the passage?
 (A) The player who throws baseball to the batter.
 (B) The liquid container with a small opening.
 (C) The kind of barrel with a wide-open mouth.
 (D) The device to collect stones.
42. According to the passage, which of the following statement is true?
 (A) The crow was looking for water because he urgently needed to take a bath.
 (B) The crow was happy to find that the pitcher contained some wine.
 (C) The crow collected stones to break the pitcher into pieces.
 (D) The crow finally got the water to relieve himself of thirst.
43. What is the moral of this story?
 (A) It is easy to kick a man that is down. (B) Necessity is the mother of invention.
 (C) Better starve free than be a fat slave. (D) Little friends may prove great friends.

Greenpeace is also greatly concerned about global warming. With climate changes come many serious problems such as the melting of polar ice caps, the rising of sea levels and extreme weather conditions. To begin counteracting these problems, scientists urgently recommend that emissions, primarily from burning oil, coal, and gas, be cut dramatically. Greenpeace supports the 1997 Kyoto Protocol that set emission targets for developed countries.

44. Based on the passage, which of the following statement is true?
 (A) Kyoto Protocol sets emissions for the countries in the world—developed, developing and underdeveloped countries all included.
 (B) The rising of sea levels is a natural cause of climate changes.
 (C) The pollution of burning gas has turned out to be a significant problem of global warming.

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(D) Extreme weather conditions result in polar ice caps.

We believe that everyone has a fundamental right to pleasure and consequently the responsibility to protect the heritage of food, tradition and culture that make this pleasure possible. Our movement is founded upon this concept of eco-gastronomy--a recognition of the strong connections between plate and planet.

Slow Food is good, clean and fair food. We believe that the food we eat should taste good; that it should be produced in a clear way that does not harm the environment, animal welfare or our health; and that food producers should receive fair compensation for their work.

We consider ourselves co-producers, not consumers, because by being informed about how our food is produced and actively supporting those who produce it, we become a part of and a partner in the production process.

45. What does it mean by saying that Slow Food is *fair* food?
- (A) The food should be produced in solid soil.
 - (B) There is no way to grow food without harming the environment.
 - (C) The food should taste good.
 - (D) The food producers should be paid in good proportion to their hard work.
46. According to the passage, which of the following statement is true?
- (A) Fast food supporters consider themselves consumers.
 - (B) Fast food supporters think they don't have to play any part in the global food production process.
 - (C) Fast food supporters believe that for the meals they have, they need to take into consideration how the food is grown.
 - (D) Pleasure, especially in the extreme form, is a necessary ingredient of Slow Food culture.
47. What is the theme of the passage above?
- (A) To account for the Slow Food philosophy.
 - (B) To illustrate the Slow Food marketing strategies.
 - (C) To encourage people to spend more on Fast Food.
 - (D) To pinpoint the shortcomings of Slow Food diet.

An earthquake is the result of a sudden release of energy in the Earth's crust that creates seismic waves. Earthquakes are recorded with a seismometer, also known as a seismograph. The moment magnitude of an earthquake is conventionally reported, or the related and mostly obsolete Richter magnitude, with magnitude 3 or lower earthquakes being mostly imperceptible and magnitude 7 causing serious damage over large areas. Intensity of shaking is measured on the modified Mercalli scale.

At the Earth's surface, earthquakes manifest themselves by a shaking and sometimes displacement of the ground. When a large earthquake epicenter is located offshore, the seabed sometimes suffers sufficient displacement to cause a tsunami. The shaking in

earthquakes can also trigger landslides and occasionally volcanic activity.

In its most generic sense, the word *earthquake* is used to describe any seismic event—whether a natural phenomenon or an event caused by humans—that generates seismic waves. Earthquakes are caused mostly by rupture of geological faults, huge amounts of gas migration, mainly methane deep within the earth, but also by volcanic activity, landslides, mine blasts, and nuclear experiments.

48. Which of the following factors are NOT mentioned as a possible cause for earthquakes?
- (A) nuclear experiments
 - (B) gas migration within the earth
 - (C) rupture of geological faults
 - (D) atomic bomb explosion
49. Where is the passage most likely to appear?
- (A) In an encyclopedia.
 - (B) In an astrological textbook.
 - (C) In an election-related pamphlet.
 - (D) In a mechanical manual for vehicles.
50. According to the passage, which of the following statement is true?
- (A) Earthquakes are recorded with a seismograph.
 - (B) A tsunami happens in the mountains.
 - (C) An earthquake measured lower than magnitude 3 on the Mercalli scale is generally not perceived.
 - (D) Richter Scale is a more update version than Mercalli Scale as far as the measurement of shaking is concerned.