

# 國立臺北科技大學

九十六學年度四年制二、三年級轉學生招生考試

系所組別：四技三年級電機工程系

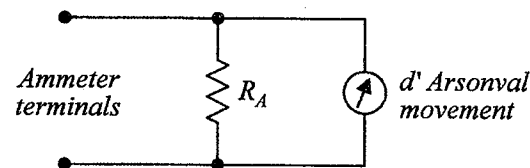
第三節 專業科目（二）電路學 試題

第一頁 共一頁

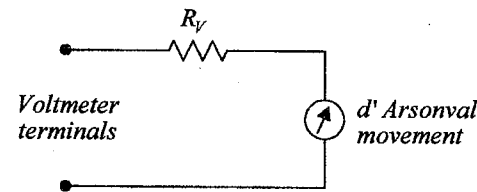
## 注意事項：

1. 本試題共 5 題，配分共 100 分。
2. 請標明大題、子題編號作答，不必抄題。
3. 全部答案均須在答案卷之答案欄內作答，否則不予計分。

1. (a) A 50mV, 1mA d'Arsonval movement is to be used in an ammeter with a full-scale reading of 10mA. Determine  $R_A$ . (10%)



- (b) A 50mV, 1mA d'Arsonval movement is to be used in a voltmeter with a full-scale reading of 5V. Determine  $R_V$ . (10%)



2. (a) If the voltage across the device is

$$v(t) = 5 + 10\sin(\omega t + 30^\circ) + 15\sin(2\omega t + 90^\circ) + 20\sin(3\omega t + 180^\circ) \text{ V},$$

and the current flowing through the device is

$$i(t) = 10 + 20\cos\omega t + 30\cos 2\omega t + 40\cos 3\omega t \text{ A}.$$

How about the power dissipated in this device? (10%)

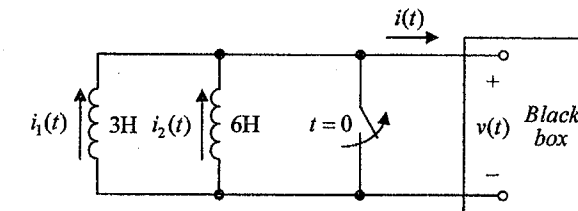
- (b) A  $\frac{480}{\sqrt{3}} \text{ V}_{\text{rms}}$  line feeds two balanced three-phase loads. If two loads are rated:

Load 1:  $5\sqrt{5} \text{ kVA}$  at 0.8pf, lagging

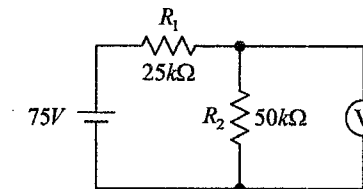
Load 2:  $10\sqrt{5} \text{ kVA}$  at 0.6pf, leading

Determine the rms magnitude of the line current from the  $\frac{480}{\sqrt{3}} \text{ V}_{\text{rms}}$  source. (10%)

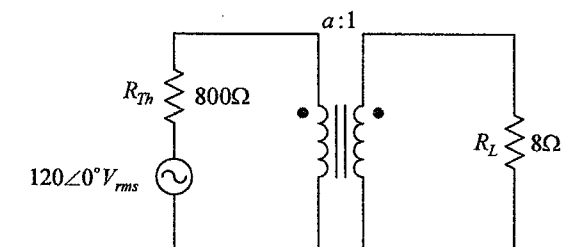
3. The two parallel inductors in the following circuit are connected across the terminals of a black box at  $t = 0$ . The resulting voltage  $v(t)$  for  $t > 0$  is known to be  $12e^{-t} \text{ V}$ . It is also known that  $i_1(0) = 2 \text{ A}$  and  $i_2(0) = 4 \text{ A}$ . How much energy is trapped in the two inductors? (20%)



4. (a) If the 50V scale of a voltage meter with ohm-per-volt rating of  $1000\Omega$  is to be used. Use this meter to measure the resistor  $R_2$ . How about the reading of this meter? (10%)



- (b) Determine the turns ratio of the transformer in the following figure required to ensure the maximum power transferred to the resistive load. (10%)



5. For the linear system as shown in the following, when the input voltage is

$v_i(t) = 5\delta(t) \text{ V}$ , the output is  $v_o(t) = 25e^{-2t} - 15e^{-4t} \text{ V}$ . Find the output when the input

is  $v_i(t) = 4e^{-t}u(t) \text{ V}$ . (20%)

