

國立臺北科技大學九十六學年度碩士班招生考試

系所組別：1730 電腦與通訊研究所丙組

第二節 電磁學 試題

第一頁 共一頁

注意事項：

1. 本試題共五題，配分共 100 分。
2. 請標明大題、子題編號作答，不必抄題。
3. 全部答案均須在答案卷之答案欄內作答，否則不予計分。

(請依序作答，作答與未作答之題號均請依序抄寫。)

一、 Consider an electric dipole consisting of charges  $+q$  and  $-q$  positioned at  $z = +d/2$  and  $z = -d/2$  on the  $z$ -axis, respectively. The distances from the charges to a field point  $P(R, \theta, \phi)$  are designated  $R_+$  and  $R_-$ . Please show that the free-space electrostatic potential  $V$  at point  $P$  in the far-field region with  $d \ll R$  is  $V = \frac{qd \cos \theta}{4\pi\epsilon_0 R^2}$ . (20%)

二、 Consider a line charge  $\rho_l$  (C/m) located at a distance  $d$  from the axis of a parallel, conducting, circular cylinder of radius  $a$ . Both the line charge and the conducting cylinder are assumed to be infinitely long. The cylindrical conducting surface can be replaced by an image line charge  $\rho_i = -\rho_l$  on the plane containing both  $\rho_l$  and the center axis of the conducting cylinder. The electrostatic potential  $V$  at any point on and outside the surface can then be determined from the original line charge  $\rho_l$  and the image line charge  $\rho_i$ . Please show that the image line charge  $\rho_i = -\rho_l$  is located at the distance  $d_i = \frac{a^2}{d}$  away from the axis of the conducting cylinder. (20%).

三、 Please derive the time-domain equation of continuity  $\nabla \cdot \vec{J} = -\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t}$  with the aid of the principle of conservation of charge. (20%)

四、 Please show that the skin depth  $\delta$  of a good conductor with  $\sigma/(\omega\epsilon) \gg 1$  is given as

$$\delta = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\omega\mu\sigma}} \text{ or } \delta = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi f\mu\sigma}}, \text{ through which the amplitude of a traveling plane}$$

wave decreases by a factor of  $e^{-1}$ . (20%)

五、 Please show that the characteristic impedance,  $Z_0$ , and phase constant  $\beta$  of a lossless transmission line can be determined as  $Z_0 = \sqrt{Z_{is}Z_{io}}$  and  $\beta = \frac{1}{\ell} \tan^{-1} \sqrt{-(Z_{is}/Z_{io})}$  where  $Z_{is}$  is the input impedance of the lossless transmission line section of length  $\ell$  under short-circuit condition and  $Z_{io}$  that of the same transmission line section under open-circuit condition. (20%)