

國立臺北科技大學

九十四學年度電腦與通訊研究所入學考試

通訊系統試題

填准考證號碼

第一頁 共一頁

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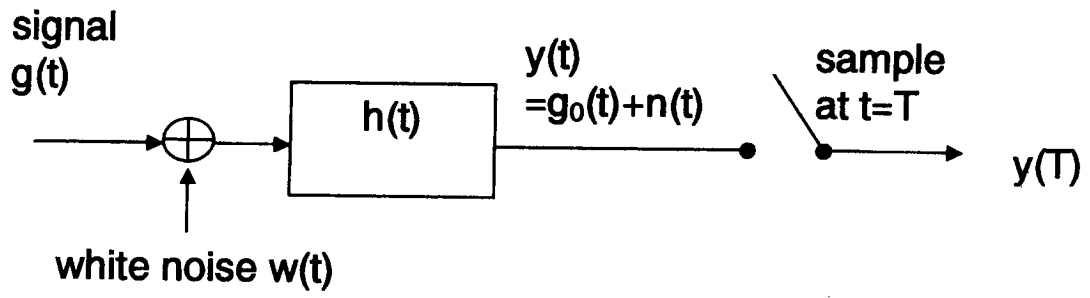
注意事項：

1. 本試題共 5 題，配分共 100 分。
2. 請按順序標明題號作答，不必抄題。
3. 全部答案均須答在答案卷之答案欄內，否則不予計分。

1. (20%) Define (a) white random process (b) Gaussian random process
2. (20%) Consider a bandpass signal $x(t)$ whose Fourier transform is given by
$$X(f) = (1+2j) \delta(f-300000) + (5+6j) \delta(f-320000) \\ + (1-2j) \delta(f+300000) + (5-6j) \delta(f+320000),$$
where δ is the delta function.
(a) Compute the complex envelope $\tilde{x}(t)$ of $x(t)$
(b) Compute the Nyquist rates of $\tilde{x}(t)$ and $x(t)$, respectively

3. (20%) Prove that the matched filter $h(t)=kg(T-t)$ matched to the signal $g(t)$, where k is an arbitrary constant, maximizes the peak pulse signal-to-noise ratio $\eta = \frac{|g_0(T)|^2}{E[n^2(t)]}$. Hint: Using Schwarz's inequality.

Schwarz's inequality.



4. (20%) Assume $s_i, i=1,2,\dots, M$, is the transmitted M -ary signal, n is the additive noise, r is the received signal and $r=s_i+n$. Define and compare (a) maximum a posteriori probability (MAP) rule for coherent detection of signals in additive noise and (b) maximum likelihood (ML) rule for coherent detection of signals in additive noise.

5. (20%) Assume coherent detection, every symbol has the same energy E and the same interval T , the carrier frequency is f_c , and the additive white Gaussian noise (AWGN) has two-sided power spectral density $N_0/2$.

(a) Draw the signal space diagram for coherent quadriphase-shift-keying (QPSK) system and define the QPSK transmitted signals $s_i(t), i=1,2,3,4$.

(b) Compute the union bound on the symbol error probability for QPSK. The error probabilities must be expressed in terms of Q function, where

$$Q(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_x^\infty \exp\left(-\frac{v^2}{2}\right) dv$$