

國立臺北科技大學 100 學年度碩士班招生考試

系所組別：2140、2150 電機工程系碩士班丁、戊組

第二節 工程數學 試題

第一頁 共一頁

注意事項：

1. 本試題共 7 題，配分共 100 分。
2. 請標明大題、子題編號作答，不必抄題。
3. 全部答案均須在答案卷之答案欄內作答，否則不予計分。

1. (12%) A coin is biased so that a head is twice as likely to occur as a tail. Toss the coin 3 times. Event A denotes that at least 2 heads occur in three tosses. Event B denotes that only one tail occurs in three tosses. Find $P(A)$, $P(B)$, and $P(B/A)$.

2. X and Y are two random variables with joint probability density function

$$f_{XY}(x, y) = \begin{cases} 1 & 0 \leq x \leq 1, 0 \leq y \leq 1 \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases}$$

Define the random variables $U = X + Y$ and $V = X - Y$.

a) (4%) Find the joint cumulative distribution function $F_{UV}(x, y)$.

b) (4%) Find the cumulative distribution functions $F_X(x)$ and $F_Y(y)$.

c) (2%) Are X and Y independent? Explain your answer.

d) (4%) Find the value of the joint cumulative distribution function $F_{UV}(1, 0)$.

e) (4%) Find the cumulative distribution function $F_U(u)$ of U .

f) (2%) Find the probability density function $f_U(u)$ of U .

3. X_1, X_2, \dots are independent random variables with the same probability mass function

$P(X_n = 0) = P(X_n = 2) = \frac{1}{2}, n = 1, 2, \dots$. Define the random variables $Y_n, n = 1, 2, \dots$ by

$$Y_n = \sum_{k=1}^n X_k.$$

a) (4%) Find EX_n and $\text{var}(X_n)$.

b) (4%) Find EY_n and $\text{var}(Y_n)$.

c) (3%) Find the covariance function $\text{cov}(Y_i, Y_j)$ for $i, j \in \mathbb{N}$.

d) (3%) Find the probability mass function of Y_n .

e) (4%) Find $P(Y_n = i, Y_{n+1} = j)$.

4. (10%) Let $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$. Find the nullity and the null space of A .

5. (10%) Let L be the linear mapping in R^3 defined by $L(x) = Ax$ corresponding to the

standard basis, where $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1 & -2 \\ 2 & 0 & -2 \\ 2 & -1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$, and let $v_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$, $v_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$, and $v_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$ form

another basis $[v_1, v_2, v_3]$. Find the matrix B representing L with respect to $[v_1, v_2, v_3]$.

6. Let $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 7 & 7 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 7 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

a) (10%) Find the determinant and all eigenvalues of A ;

b) (10%) Find the inverse of A .

7. (10%) Prove in English that "The system of n linear equations in n unknowns $Ax = b$ has a unique solution if and only if A is nonsingular."

(Note : No credit will be given if the answer is given in Chinese)