106 RA 06

國立臺北科技大學 106 學年度碩士班招生考試 系所組別:1422 能源與冷凍空調工程系碩士班乙組 第二節 流體力學 試題 (選考)

第一頁 共一頁

注意事項:

- 1. 本試題共五題,每題20分,共100分。
- 2. 請標明大題、子題編號作答,不必抄題。
- 3. 全部答案均須在答案卷之答案欄內作答,否則不予計分。
- 1. The viscosity of a fluid plays a very important role in determining how a fluid flows. The value of the viscosity depends not only on the specific fluid but also on the fluid temperature. Some experiments show that when a liquid, under the action of a constant driving pressure, is forced with a low velocity, V, through a small horizontal tube, the velocity is given by the equation $V = K/\mu$. In this equation K is a constant for a given tube and pressure, and μ is the dynamic viscosity. For a particular liquid of interest, the viscosity is given by Andrade's equation (μ = $De^{B/T}$) with $D = 239 \times 10^{-7} \text{ N} \cdot \text{s/m}^2$ and B = 2222 k. By what percentage will the velocity increase as the liquid temperature is increased from $4^{\circ}C$ to $38^{\circ}C$ (277 k to 311 k)? Assume all other factors remain constant. (20%)
- 2. The velocity profile through the boundary layer at the downstream end of a flat plate is found to conform to the equation $v/V_0 = (v/\delta)^{1/8}$ in which V_0 is 6.1 m/s and δ is 0.3 m. Calculate the drag force exerted on (one side of) this plate if the fluid density is 1031 kg/m³. (20/ $\dot{\gamma}$)
- 3. The discharge of oil from a tank through an orifice (as shown Fig.1) is to be modeled using water as the flowing fluid. The kinematic viscosity of the oil is 0.09. What oil flowrate is represented by 0.0022m³/s in the model? If the force exerted on the model tank bottom is 210N, what is the corresponding force in the prototype? (Note that the Reynolds and Froude similarity ought to hold for this flow dynamic similarity.) (20分)

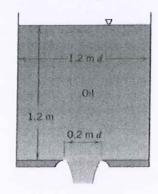


Fig. 1

4. Figure 2 shows that this ducted propeller system when moving forward at velocity V_1 will have an efficiency given by $2V_1/(V_4+V_1)$. If for a specific design and point of operation, $V_2/V_1 = 9/4$ and $V_4/V_2 = 5/4$, what fraction of the propulsive force will be contributed: (a) by the propeller (10/2), and (b) by the duct (10/2)?

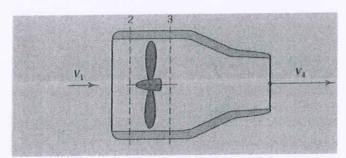


Fig. 2

5. The flowrate between tank A and tank B shown in Fig. 3 is to be increased by 30% (i.e. from Q to 1.30Q) by the addition of a second pipe (indicated by dotted lines) running from node C to tank B. If the elevation of the free surface in tank A is 8m above that in tank B, determine the diameter, D, of this new pipe. Neglect minor losses and assume that the friction factor for each pipe is 0.02. (20/2)

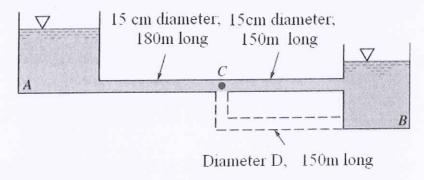


Fig. 3