

國立臺北科技大學 108 學年度碩士班招生考試

系所組別：2150 電機工程系碩士班戊組

第一節 線性代數 試題

第一頁 共一頁

注意事項：

1. 本試題共 10 題，每題 10 分，共 100 分。
2. 不必抄題，作答時請將試題題號及答案依照順序寫在答案卷上。
3. 全部答案均須在答案卷之答案欄內作答，**解題過程要詳細列出來**，否則不予計分。

1. Solve (if possible) the following system of equations using **Gauss-Jordan**

$$\text{elimination. } \begin{cases} x_1 + 3x_2 + 10x_3 = 18 \\ -2x_1 + 7x_2 + 32x_3 = 29 \\ -x_1 + 3x_2 + 14x_3 = 12 \\ x_1 + x_2 + 2x_3 = 8 \end{cases} \quad (10\%)$$

2. Consider a linear system whose augmented matrix is of the form

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & 3 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & 4 & 3 \\ 1 & 3 & a & b \end{array} \right]$$

(a) For what values of a and b will the system have infinitely many solution?(5%)

(b) For what values of a and b will the system be inconsistent? (5%)

3. Let $E = [v_1, v_2, v_3] = [(1, 1, 1)^T, (2, 3, 2)^T, (1, 5, 4)^T]$
 $F = [u_1, u_2, u_3] = [(1, 1, 0)^T, (1, 2, 0)^T, (1, 2, 1)^T]$

Find the transition matrix from E to F .

If $x = 3v_1 + 2v_2 - v_3$, find the coordinate of x with respect to the ordered basis F .

(10%)

4. The Fibonacci sequence is defined by the difference equation $a_n = a_{n-1} + a_{n-2}$, with initial conditions $a_1 = 1, a_2 = 1$. Solve this difference equation. Show that

$\frac{a_n}{a_{n-1}}$ approaches the number $\frac{1+\sqrt{5}}{2}$ as n increases. (10%)

5. Find a **QR** factorization of the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 5 \\ -1 & 1 & -4 \\ -1 & 4 & -3 \\ 1 & -4 & 7 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$. (10%)

6. Consider the vector space $C[-1, 1]$ with inner product defined by $\langle f, g \rangle = \int_{-1}^1 f(x)g(x) dx$, find an orthonormal basis for the subspace spanned by $1, x, x^2$, and x^3 . (10%)

7. Let $T: \mathbb{R}^5 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^4$ be the linear transformation given by $T(x) = Ax$, where x is in

$$\mathbb{R}^5 \text{ and } A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 & 3 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & -2 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 2 & 8 \end{bmatrix}. \text{ Find a basis for the kernel of } T \text{ as a}$$

subspace of \mathbb{R}^5 . (10%)

8. Find an **LU** factorization of $B = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -4 & -2 & 3 \\ 6 & -9 & -5 & 8 \\ 2 & -7 & -3 & 9 \\ 4 & -2 & -2 & -1 \\ -6 & 3 & 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$. (10%)

9. Find a singular value decomposition (**SVD**) of $C = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ (10%)

10. Analyze the following equation. Sketch its graph. (10%)
 $x^2 - 6xy + y^2 - 8 = 0$